At all the Better Kind of Stores

5 cents the ounce

or in 10-cent and 25-cent Packets

W. B. Moses & Sons.

W. B. Moses & Sons.

1 lot Sheep and Angora Rugs

-size 18x64 in. Regular price,

\$12.00 and \$14.00. \$4.65 Special

ular price, \$2.50. Spe- \$1.35

Superior Brussels Carpets-

best wearing carpet made.

Choice of 9 pretty patterns, suit.

able for halls and stairs, some

with borders to match; quanti-

ties from 25 to 90 yards. Reg-

o very choice patterns best

Bigelow Axminster Carpets,

suitable for parlor, library and

dining room-some with borders to match. Quantities from 30 to

lar price, \$1.85. \$1.171/2

73½c.

size 30 in.x60 in. Reg-

ular price, \$1.10.

Special

75 yards. Regu-

Special

20 All-wool Smyrna Rugs--

Extensive improvements must be made in our building. Ceilings Extensive improvements must be made in our building. Ceilings to be torn out and laid with water pipes—a new elevator is to be installed—changes must be made in the boilers. It will be dusty, damaging work to stock and will require a great deal of room for the workmen. We must close out goods, and with that end in view have reduced everything in the house, except a few lines of specialty goods THAT WE'RE BOUND BY CONTRACT NOT TO REDUCE.

Remodeling Sale.

You save from 10% to 50% during this sale on Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Upholsteries, Draperies, Wall Papers, etc. The fact that we have to get rid of two-thirds of the stock leaves us with no choice but to sacrifice it. You've never before had an opportunity to select from such a complete line (a stock that anticipates your every want) at such prices as

Floor Coverings in the Sale.

15 Kensington All-wool Art Squares—size 2x3 yards. Regular price, \$5.00. Spe- \$3.10

14 Kensington Art Squaressize 3x3½ yards. Regular price, \$9.00. \$5,95 Special

8 patterns extra quality Brussels Carpets, suitable for hall and stairs; quantities from 20 to 35 yards. Regular price, 90c. yard. Spe- 49c.

2 patterns Seamless Axminster Rugs-in beautiful Oriental effects. Regular price, \$35.00. Spe- \$19.95

22 Plain and Fancy Fur Rugs (lined); size 28x64 inches. Regular price, \$4.50. Spe- \$1.75

Oriental Rugs.

1 Ghiordes—8 ft. 9 in. x 11 ft. 2 in. Blue ground medallion. Border red, blue and cream. \$57.50 Special price. \$112.

1 Oushak-10 ft. 8 in. x 13 ft. 9 in. All-over design; colors red, blue and olive. Regular \$85.00

Other Oriental Rug items posted

Bureaus.

Elegant Golden Oak Bureau, with large shaped French bevel-plate mirror; serpentine top; good design and well \$15.75 Bureau for \$19.75

Beautiful Princess Bureau, in golden oak, polished, with large oval French bevelplate mirror. A \$11.75

Other Furniture items posted throughout the department. Full line of Bedwear-blankets, com=

forts, sheets, pillow cases, etc.—and plenty of bargains, too.

DRUGGISTS GIVING AWAY MUNYON'S INHALER FREE WITH PAW-PAW

A COMPLETE AND POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

PAW=PAW

Purifies the Blood and Drives All Catarrh Poison From the System.

During the past year have re-ceived hundreds of letters from people stating that my Paw-Paw had cured them of CATARRH. Upon a careful investigation I have satisfied myself that many cross of indigestion and stomach cases of indigestion and stomach trouble are due to the droppings of catarrhal poison into the Catarrh is a blood disease and cannot be permanently cured by local applications. The discharges can be stopped with the inhaler, but the blood must be cleansed of all Catarrhal poisons before a permanent cure can be effected. So positive am I that my Paw-Paw and Inhaler will CURE any case of Catarrh, whether of the Head, Nose. Throat, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels, that I propose giving away my Inhaler absolutely free with every bottle of Paw-Paw during the month of February. Catarrh is a blood disease and

Money Refunded You absolutely take no risk. I assume all responsibilities. I give

responsibilities. I give you \$2 worth of remedies for \$1 and say to you that if at the end of ten days you are not perfectly satisfied with the results I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY. I cannot be more fair.

Gives Instant Relief Clouds of medicated vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from nostrils; cleansing and waporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stom-ach

Remember the Inhaler, the Catarrh Tablets, the Paw-Paw Pills, and the \$1.00 size bottle of Paw-Paw will be given you for \$1. The actual value of these goods is \$2.00. I have cut the price to \$1.00 in order that every person may take advantage of this complete treatment.

IF YOUR DRUGGIST IS NOT PREPARED TO FURNISH YOU THIS COMPLETE TREATMENT SEND ME ONE DOLLAR AND I WILL SEND YOU THE TREATMENT BY EXPRESS, ALL CHARGES PREPAID. MUNYON, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PARTIAL AGREEMENT REACHED BY THE CONFEREES.

Increase of \$500,000 for Municipal Building Allowed-Teachers Salaries Not to Be Raised.

A partial agreement has been reached by the conferees on the District of Columbia appropriation bill. There will be another meeting of the conferees today or tomorrow, when it is expected a complete agreement on all the amendments of the Senate will be reached. It is not likely that the conferees can get together for another discussion of the bill until late today, and perhaps not until tomorrow.

After endeavoring to persuade the Senate conferees to abandon the proposed increase of \$500,000 for the municipal building, the House conferees agreed to the increase. This was the chief item which it was supposed would provoke opposition on the part of the House conferees, but the showing by the Senate members that the building would have to be in part of brick unless the additional appropriation was allowed controlled the action of the conferees, all of whom agreed that no such construc-tion should ever be permitted in a government building on Pennsylvania avenue.

For Bridges.

The Senate amendment increasing the limit of cost of the Anacostia bridge from \$250,000 to \$375,000 was also agreed to. This amendment authorizes the Commissioners to acquire by purchase or condemnation land necessary to provide proper approaches for the bridge. The time for the completion of the bridge is extended to July 1, 1907. The Anacostia and Potomac River railroad is to deposit \$3,300 with the Commissioners to defray the cost of underfloor construction in order that cars of that company may be propelled over the bridge by underfloor electrical conductors or cables. The appropriation for Piney Branch

bridge, which was strongly opposed by Senator Elkins in the Senate, was agreed to. The limit of cost of the bridge was

school teachers were eliminated. Only two THE DISTRICT BILL school teachers were eliminated. Only two ers were agreed to. The sum of \$25,000 for furnishing the Business High School was agreed to, the House having allowed \$17,000 and the Senate \$32,000 for that purpose.

> For Hospitals. An appropriation placed in the bill in the Senate of \$18,668.62 for reconstruction of the National Homeopathic Hospital was

spots, heals the raw places.

. It goes to the seat of disease.

It penetrates obscure places

where drugs tak-

en into the stom-

ach cannot reach.

whole system.

It acts as a balm

For the Emergency Hospital \$10,000, and for the Eastern Dispensary \$2,000 was allowed by the conferees. The House bill allowed \$15,000 to enable the board of charities to provide for emergency care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts with any hospital or dispensary then existing in the Distric of Columbia. This plan eliminated the direct appropriations that had been made, but the conferees came back to the direct appropriations with reduced amounts.

An additional appropriation of \$5,000 was given to the board of charities for the care and maintenance of patients at any hospital in their discretion. To this ex-tent the Senate conferees yielded to the plan of the House, by which the money should be dispensed by the board of char-

The conferees agreed to the Senate proposition to give the superintendent of county roads \$500 additional as engineer in Rock Creek Park, his salary formerly having been \$1,500.

Cornell Student's Claim Unfounded.

Inquiry at the Argentine legation here elicits the statement that the young student, Rudolfe Roth, at Cornell University. who has become involved in a civil suit with an Ithaca hotel and set up a claim to diplomatic privilege, is actually not connected with the Argentine legation here. He is a youth sent to the United States by the authorities of one of the Argentine states or provinces and not by the national government, to take a special course in agriculture and engineering, so that his plea is not likely to find support here.

Proposed Tobacco Trust Inquiry. The House committee on the judiciary

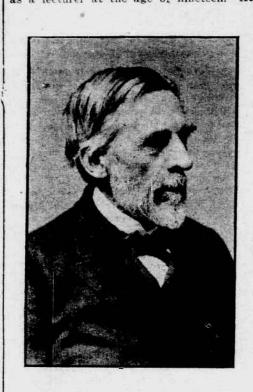
(Ky.) to consult the Attorney General as to the necessity of committee action on the Kehoe resolution for an inquiry into the county, who died there Wednesday, were interred in cemetery near Laytonsville

GEO. S. BOUTWELL DEAD

DIED AT HIS HOME IN GROTON, MASS., TODAY.

Former Governor of That State and Once U. S. Secretary of the Treasury-Aged 87.

liness of a few days, George Sewall Boutformer United States Secretary of the Treasury, died at his home here today, aged eighty-seven years. He was stricken with pneumonia last Friday night and owing to his extreme age was unable to rally. For more than sixty years Mr. Boutwell had been in public life, beginning his career as a lecturer at the age of nineteen. At



George S. Boutwell.

twenty-four he was elected to the Massachusetts legislature and at thirty-three he was chosen governor of the state. Although elected to these offices as a democrat Mr. Boutwell became active in the organization of the republican party. He was a personal friend of President Lincoln.

An Outspoken Abolitionist. Mr. Boutwell was an outspoken abolitionist. He served in the national House of Representatives from 1862 to 1868, inclusive, and was a member of the committee which reported the fourteenth amendment, and conducted the debate in the House. He was Secretary of the Treasury in President Grant's first cabinet.

In 1873 Mr. Boutwell was elected to the United States Senate, where he served for six years. Mr. Boutwell was among the most earnest opponents of the Spanish war. In fact, so strong was his conviction that after war was declared he left the republican party and with the formation of the Anti-Imperialist League became its presi-dent, which office he held at the time of his death.
Mr. Boutwell was the author of books on

Brookline, Mass., January 28, 1818, and was educated in the public schools. Prior to 1850 he was in business at Groton, but in that mean he studied law, and began to that year he studied law, and began to practice in 1853. He was a member of the egislature of Massachusetts in 1842-44 and 1847-1850, state bank commissioner in 1849-50, governor of Massachusetts in 1851 and 1852, member of the state constitutional convention in 1853, secretary of the state board of education of Massachusetts from October, 1855, until January, 1861; member of the board of overseers of Harvard College from 1850 until 1860, member of the peace conference of 1861, and first commissioner of internal sioner of internal revenue in 1862 and 1863. He was elected to the Thirty-eighth, Thirtyninth, Fortieth and Forty-first Congresses as a republican, but resigned on being appointed Secretary of the Treasury by President Grant, March 11, 1869. He resigned in March, 1873, having been elected United States senator from Massachusetts to suc-Exhaustive Communication From Genceed Henry Wilson, serving until March 3, 1877. He was appointed by President Hayes a commissioner to codify and edit the Stat-utes at Large in March, 1877. In 1880 he was United States counsel before the French and American claims commission, and in 1884 he declined an appointment as Secretary of the Treasury to practice law in Washington. He was president of the Anti-imperialist League in 1900, and was the author of several well-known financial, educational and political works.

SENATOR LODGE'S TRIBUTE. An Historic Figure Taken From Our Public Life.

Senator Lodge, speaking of the death of Mr. Boutwell, today said:

"The death of Gov. Boutwell takes from our public life an historic figure, one who had taken a large part in large affairs and of yellow fever; asserted unfulfilled promwho was able to continue his activity with undimished zeal until the last. Gov. Boutwell was a very able and very distinguished man. Old as he was, his vigor was such that he is a great loss both to the United of amusements, diversions and entertainthat he is a great loss both to the United States and to Massachusetts. My personal relations with Gov. Boutwell, whom I have known for many years, were most pleasant. and I hear with real sorrow the news of his death.'

Suicide in Theater After a Song.

Suicide in the balcony of a crowded Chicago theater was the act of a man about 22 years of age during a vaudeville performance at the Chicago Opera House yessinging of a pathetic song picturing scenes in a country farm house. He listened at-tentively and applauded. Then he stood up, revolver and fired. His body fell into the lap of a woman occupying an adjoining seat. She and several other women fainted. The orchestra struck up a lively tune, and this aided in averting a panic.

Indian Murderers Killed.

Consul General Hanna has telegraphed to the State Department from Monterey that the Mexican government has been punishing the Yaqui Indians who recently murdered prominent Americans in Sonora, and that over twenty of the murderers have been killed and more than two hundred Indians have been taken prisoners.

Of Interest to Soldiers.

General Grant, commanding the Department of the East, has issued a general order in which he directs "that not only should no profit accrue to post exchange or company funds from cashing soldiers' final statements, but further, that no profit should accrue from handling checks, drafts, warrants, money orders or any other similar papers. In short, in handling such accounts it should be done for the convenience of the soldier, and not in any way as a source of profit."

Boyd's and Vicinity. Special Correspondence of The Evening Star.

BOYD'S, Md., February 26, 1905. The remains of Mrs. Susan E. Soper, formerly of Hyattstown, this county, who died in Baltimore Thursday, were brought to Hyattstown yesterday and there interred ing to the notion of the Panama shop keepin presence of a large crowd of relatives and friends. The first meeting of the Helping Hands

Society was held Friday evening at the instructed Representative Smith home of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Williams.

Ravages of Yellow Fever. "Thirty-three cases of recognized yellowfever have been found on the Isthmus of Panama since last May, and of this num-

he enumerates as:

Davis says:

CCNDITION OF ISTHMIAN CANAL

EMPLOYES.

eral Davis to the Com-

mission.

ber nine terminated fatally. There is one man in the hospital today seriously ill from terday. The man shot himself during the | yellow fever; six have recovered. Three new cases have been reported since February 1. The whole city of Panama-and it is only in Panama that the infection exists—is being thoroughly disinfected, and every house in the city is being fumigated. In the last two weeks one-sixth of all the houses in the city have been fumigated. It will take six weeks to complete this fumigation and disinfection.

"Of canal employes and their families coming here from the United States only four out of some 400 or 500 have been sick from yellow fever, and of this number one terminated fatally. Discussing the lack of accommodation the governor observes: "The number of employes who have arrived on the isthmus under appointments made in the United States, who assent that they were told by members of the commission, or by its employes in Washington, that they all would have quarters or residences, and excellent accommodations, is so darge, and the assertions are so positive, that I cannot but believe there is some basis for the statements made, and if such assurances or

could not possibly find the real condition to be worse than they would expect to find it."

After reviewing the housing conditions at length, he concludes: "As soon as land can be secured in the way provided by treaty and by statute it will be taken, and there will be no delay in erecting the necessary houses for all the employes in the city of

The Question of Wages. On the question of wages Governor Davis

says the fact is there is no rate of wages conceivable that would be too high, accorders and bar room owners, hotel keepers and others who are looking for sudden wealth, to follow the undertaking of this canal work by the United States. But the wages paid to the employes who come here from home, and to others of the same class hired

concerned has resulted in cases where this has been done. There is no suggested remedy for the complaint of lack of amuse ment. However, plans for a building for the Young Men's Christian Association are now being prepared. Continuing, General

The most pungent Peppermint from the dank fields of Michigan

The sweetest Sugar that Uncle Sam secures from Cuba

The crispest Chicle that exudes from the Sappota trees of Mexico

THAT'S A Chiclet TRY THEM TODAY

Fleer's Pepsin Gum with a mint covering

Retail Storekeepers Will be Supplied by Any Wholesale Druggist or Confectioner

JOBBERS SUPPLIED BY FRANK H. FL EER & COMPANY, INC., PHILADELPHIA.

Chiclets

A Dainty Confection

Particularly desirable

Made by the makers of

Really Delightful

Bouquet de Creme de Menthe

Candy Coated Chewing Gum

"after dinner"

"Fleers Pepsin Gum"

Their Best Recommendation

Davis says:
"Other establishments of the same class should be created at other centers of ac-tivity along the canal line; and no doubt will be. The bar room and gambling hells are the principal attractions now, and in the city of Panama lottery tickets are everywhere offered for sale on the street corners. The gambling and drinking sa-loons are, of course, made attractive, and unfortunately they are often patronized by United States employes."

Sale of Supplies. Wages and the discontent of employes on the Isthmus of Panama is the subject Because of the increased price of mer chandise of all kinds, the report says the of a long communication from Governor General Davis to the isthmian canal comcanal commission has just directed that the mission. His observations are confined to material and supplies department establish a commissary, where will be kept for sale. employes of the commission on the isthmus at cost price, and at a slight addition therewho were hired in the United States. There to to cover transportation and incidentals, are, he says, several causes which are all the usual commodities required of our either reasons or excuses for the disconpeople at home. Heretofore the canal emtent to which reference has been so freployes have enjoyed a similar privilege ac-corded by the Panama railroad commisquently made in the press of late. These sary. The canal commissary was opened February 15. Closing, General Davis says "The panicky feeling over the existence "Casting up the matter in all its phases. I would say that while this discontent exists. ises as to accommodations and allowances and certainly will exist, probably for a long time, with respect to some of the emmade by members of the commission, by ployes, yet the larger number are not units officers, or by its agents in the United reasonable and accept the situation; they know that the government is doing everything possible to make their lot pleasanter, ments, always at hand at home; the existing high prices of commodities and of the necessaries of life, and homesickness." Discussing the yellow fever situation Gen. and they are loyally working and carrying out their contracts.'

ADMIRAL EVANS' FLAGSHIP.

The Battle Ship Maine Leaves for Guantanamo Station.

The Navy Department is informed of the departure from New York of the battle ship Maine and the supply ship Culgoa, bound for the naval station at Guantanamo, Culgoa carries a large supply of provisions for the vessels of the fleet ...

The Maine will be the flagship of Rear Admiral Evans, who is to assume command of the North Atlantic fleet the latter part of March as the relief of Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, who will then be placed on the retired list for age. Capt. John E. Pillsbury, assistant chief of the bureau of navigation, will also be attached to the Maine as chief of staff to the commanderin-chief.

Death of A. R. Johnson.

Mr. Asbury R. Johnson, an old employe of the War Department, died at the Garfield Hospital Saturday night in the sixtyfourth year of his age. Funeral services will be held over his remains at the home of his brother, Mr. R. M. Johnson, 1224 Columbia road, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The interment will be at the Arlington National Cemetery.

promises were given if was a great mis-take. I think. The picture ought to have been painted worse then it is rather than otherwise, so that the men arriving here Mr. Johnson was born in Virginia, but at an early age took up his residence in this city. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in Company F of the 2d Regiment, District of Columbia Volunteers, and afterward served as a commissary sergeant in the regular army until December, 1864. In October, 1880, he was appointed a skilled laborer in the War Department, a skilled laborer in the war Department, and in October, 1882, he was appointed official carpenter, and retained that office up to the day of his death. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and of the Masonic fraternity, and both organizations will participate in the

Nearby Courts-Martial.

Gen. Grant, commanding the Department of the East, has disapproved the sentence of dismissal and confinement at hard labor for eighteen months imposed in the on the isthmus, are in many cases 25 per cent higher than they were during the busiest period of the French canal work.

M, 21st Infantry, who was convicted by to. The limit of cost of the bridge was fixed at \$50,000.

In view of the solid stand taken by the House conferees against all increases of Alaries the increases provided for public cases of the fixed at \$50,000.

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The limit of cost of the bridge was fixed at \$50,000.

M, 21st Infantry, who was convicted by completion of the french canal work, and excompletion of that duty will return to this court-martial at Fort Myer, Va., on the completion of that duty will return to this court-martial at Fort Myer, Va., on the completion of that duty will return to this court-martial at Fort Myer, Va., on the completion of the gencity and resume consideration of the gencity and in no case are they less.

Until quarters are available, he says, it is not advisable for married men to take the duty will return to this court-marrial at Fort Myer, Va., on the duty will return to the

case the accused entered a plea of guilty to the charge, and the case for the prose cution having been closed without the in troduction of any evidence, the accuse made a sworn statement which is regarded as inconsistent with his plea; and as no effort was made to obtain evidence in rebuttal of the sworn statement, the guil of the soldier is not regarded as clearly disapproved. The soldier will be released from confinement and restored to duty." The sentences in the cases of Private Charles F. Young, Troop C, 7th Cavalry, tried at Fort Myer, and Private William A. Purdie, 44th Company, Coast Artillery, tried at Fort Washington, Md., were approved. Private Young was found guilty of being absent with leave and of drunken-ness in quarters, and sentenced to be dis-Mr. John N. Ruffin, United States consul honorably discharged from the service and to be confined at hard labor for three

months. Private Purdle was found guilty of leaving post, and sentenced to be conned at hard labor for three months and forfeit \$10 of his pay per month for the

SIR WEMYSS REID DEAD.

English Author and Journalist Visited America Last Autumn. Sir Wemyss Reid is dead in London.

Sir Wemyss Reid's memory is fresh in the ninds of Americans because of his visit to this country during the last presidential campaign.

In an interview published in a New York paper November 24, 1904, he discussed having a million inhabitants, where one American affairs at some length. He was not particularly pleased with the outcome of the election, and admitted that he had expected a democratic victory. He expressed himself as much surprised at the equipoise of Americans - the ease with which everybody went back to his vocation after the heat of a campaign as though

nothing had happened.
Sir Wemyss seemed in the best of health when he was here. He was born in 1842. From 1870 to 1887 he was editor of the Leeds where all the vessels of the North Atlantic Mercury. He was knighted for services to fleet are now engaged in evolutions. The letters and politics in 1894. He was president of the Institute of Journalists in 1898 His publications include a lift of Charlotte

Bronte, published in 1877; "Politicians of Today," 1879; "The Land of the Bey," 1882, and the well-known "Life of Gladstone," published in 1899.

American Woman Slain in Italy. Mrs. Catherine MacCready, a wealthy American woman, who formerly lived in New York, was found strangled in her villa near Caserta, Italy, early Saturday morning. She had been dead four days according to the testimony of physicians, at the coroner's inquest, later in the day. That robbery was the motive of the crime was easily apparent. The small safe in her bedroom, in which it was supposed she kept jewels and money, had been opened and the contents scattered about the floor of the apartment. Whether anything of value was taken is not definitely

Mrs. MacCready, though wealthy, was eccentric. Although she occupied a commodious house, she had no household servants. She had no friends and few acquaintances. She was accustomed to come to Naples at times and little notice was taken of her absence until today, when the fears of an aged man employed by her that she might be ill in the house induced The body was found on the floor of the bedroom. The woman had been strangled by a powerful man, and even after the lapse of time finger marks were faintly discernable on her throat.

To Make Inquiry at Annapolis.

Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, Capt. Peyton C. March, general staff, and Capt. Frank W. Coe, Artillery Corps, the army members on the joint army and navy athletic board, have been ordered to Annapolis, Md., for the purpose of making certain investigations and observations pertaining to the duties assigned to the board, and upon the completion of that duty will return to this

RAPID STRIDES MADE

ESTIMATE OF ARGENTINE BY U. S.

CONSUL RUFFIN.

The Resources of the "River Plate Countries" - Improvements on Modern Lines.

to Paraguay, who is in this country on leave, said to a reporter of The Star in an interview today that he believed the people of the United States have overlooked the progress being made by the River Plate countries, especially the Argentine Republic. The Argentinians, he said, have made wonderful strides, conceivable only to one who has been out there and who has seen for himself the rich pasture plains teeming with fine, big fat cattle and excellent grades of sheep. The agricultural lands are fertile and are productive of enormous tonnages of wheat and corn, which furnish the ships of commerce many cargoes to Europe. Mr. Ruffin also referred to Argentine cities, particularly Buenos Ayres, which lacks but little of sees every modern improvement; streets nicely paved and lighted by electricity; good train service with elegant cars; beautiful edifices, magnificent hotels and a people very active in commerce and alive to the outside world. Their shipping connections are with every quarter of the globe, having as they do fine docks into which ocean vessels from all countries may enter.
"I believe," Mr. Ruffin said, "that con tinuing in the road of advance as she is, it will not be long before the Argentine will

"The fruitful valley of the River Plate corresponds in many respects to our rich and fertile regions of the Missouri and Mississippi. With the impetus commerce and traffic will get on the Paraguay, Parana and River Plate, into which the two former flow, upon the introduction out there by the Mihanovich Steamboat Company of appro-priate river boats that carry heavy tonnage on a light draft, a new era is expected The Mihanovich Company is very wealthy having a capital of several millions of dol lars, and also some of the finest boats een anywhere, costing about a quarter of

be recorded in the councils of the 'great

powers.'

a million each. "Its manager is Senor Pedro Mihanovich, a wide-awake business man who is on the ookout for everything which improves the facilities of transportation. As the United States is the headquarters for light draft heavy tonnage steamboats, and has made a practical study of them, I think the American steamboat builders ought to inwite him over here to see our excellent fluvial system with the end of having him introduce it on the rivers there. The rivers mentioned are navigable from Buenos Ayres for 2.000 miles up, with the lowest depth in dry times of about six feet, taking in the republics of western Brazil, Bolivia, Para-

guay and Uruguay. guay and Uruguay.

"Paraguay, chief in importance for upper river traffic, is a progressive country and has always entertained a very friendly feeling toward the United States. The people are clever in the art of trade and are contributing their quota to the great development now going on in the River Plate."

EDWARD COOPER DEAD.

Former Mayor and Son of Peter Cooper, the Philanthropist. Edward Cooper, former mayor of New

York, and a son of Peter Cooper, the

philanthropist and founder of Cooper

Union, died at his home in that city yes-

terday. Mr. Cooper died from apoplexy. At the